SANSUIAU/TU9500

New studio standards in an integrated amplifier and tuner dedicated to the art of flawless sound reproduction.

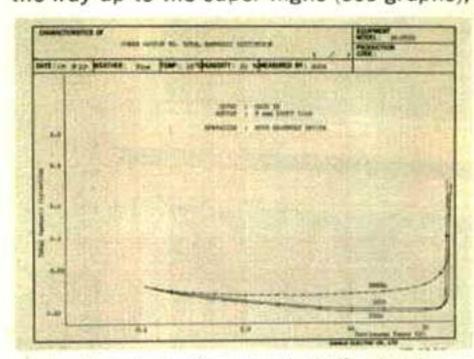




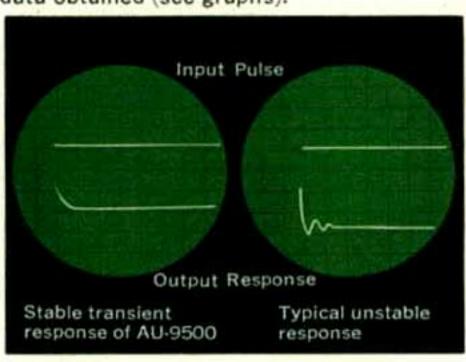
THE PINNACLE OF PERFECTION, LESS-THAN-0.1% DISTORTION AT ANY OUTPUT LEVEL, TWIN DUAL POWER SUPPLIES FOR PRODIGIOUS POWER

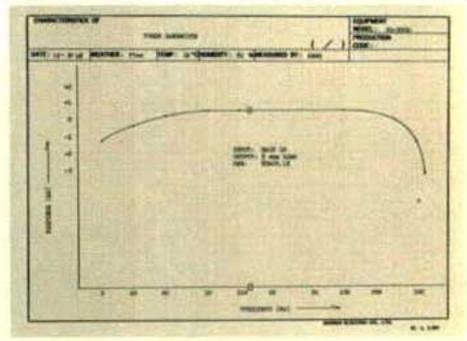
By far the most refined and advanced of all the AU series of amplifiers, the AU-9500 takes the art of sound reproduction to a new high with its uncompromising emphasis on tonal quality, operating ease, reliability and appearance. Assembled with painstaking care and with only the latest solid state circuitry, this integrated amplifier adopts the ultimate in amplifier design - an allstage direct-coupled OCL pure complementary parallel push-pull circuitry-that delivers 75 watts per channel in continuous output (into 8 ohms, 20-20,000Hz, both channels driven) with total harmonic distortion of less than 0.1%. For the audiophile who refuses to accept second best, the AU-9500 offers a distinctive level of quality and perfection. From Sansui, the audio components-only specialist.

SUPERB TONAL QUALITY AND STABILITY FROM T.H.D. LESS THAN 0.1% (5—40,000Hz): Highly cognizant of the effect of any form of distortion on hi-fi sound reproduction, Sansui has taken special care to design the AU-9500 so that all kinds of distortion are held below an imperceptible 0.1% over a super wide bandwidth. This includes a range from the very deep lows all the way up to the super highs (see graphs),



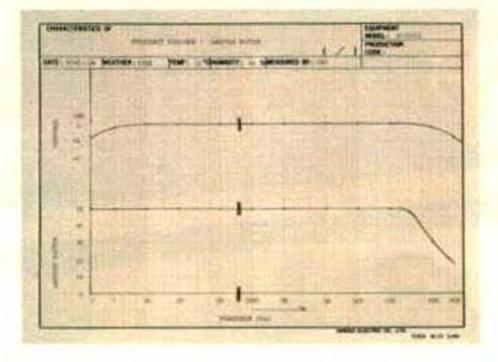
and, of course, the usual audio spectrum. The AU-9500's power amplifier section is a splendid example of Sansui workmanship. Its 2-stage differential amplifier, constructed of carefully selected low noise transistors, and its all-stage direct-coupled output-capacitor-less (OCL) circuitry combine to apply stable negative feedback over a very wide bandwidth and control all forms of distortion. This excellence of design was made possible by careful analyses of the waveform of the distortion content in the audio signal, and of the ratio of different harmonic components in the amplifier's total harmonic distortion - all of which enabled Sansui to single out the odd-harmonic distortion content, which most adversely affects the tonal quality, and practically do away with it. Moreover, Sansui has designed a circuit system of exceptional reliability, complete with thorough phase compensation in each and every amplifier stage, to achieve greater stability throughout the amplifier, and to enhance the unit's tonal quality when it is actually amplifying audio signals. This circuitry system has also been tested and proven through numerous examinations, as well as careful analyses of all data obtained (see graphs).



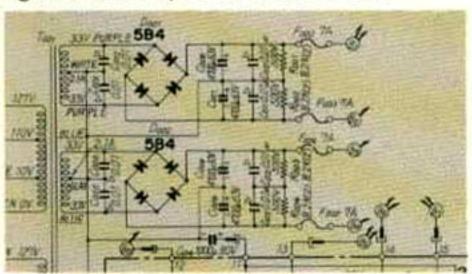


TWIN DUAL POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM DRIVES EACH CHANNEL SEPARATELY:

The AU-9500 boasts an extremely well-regulated power supply circuit constructed around a high-capacity power transformer. Separate winding is done for each left and right channel and the rectifier circuit that converts AC to DC, employs no less than four large 4,700 µF capacitors in a twin power supply system to supply power to both left and right channels independently.

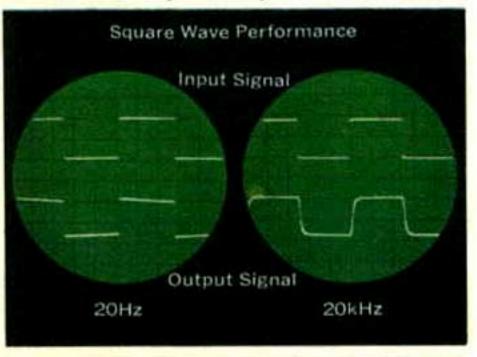


In addition, the power supply for each channel adopts a plus/minus dual supply system that enables the OCL (output-capacitor-less) design, and improves the amplifier's important damping factor, frequency response, distortion and other key characteristics. You'll discover, of course, that the power transistors are always driven with power to spare. Just as important, another separate power supply of higher voltage than the final stage is provided for the pre-driver. And this, plus the fact that the drive transistors are Darlington-connected, ensures stable power output against load impedance fluctuations.



PARALLEL PUSH-PULL OUTPUT CIRCUIT FOR REDUCED DISTORTION: The AU-9500

incorporates and advanced parallel pushpull circuit for its output stage, with four
power transistors connected in parallel for
each channel. Compared with the conventional push-pull output circuit, this feature
offers the advantage of requiring only half
the usual collector current for each power
transistor. This then means that transistors
can be made to operate in the region of their
current amplification characteristic where
they show excellent linearity. And since
Sansui uses only the very finest transistors



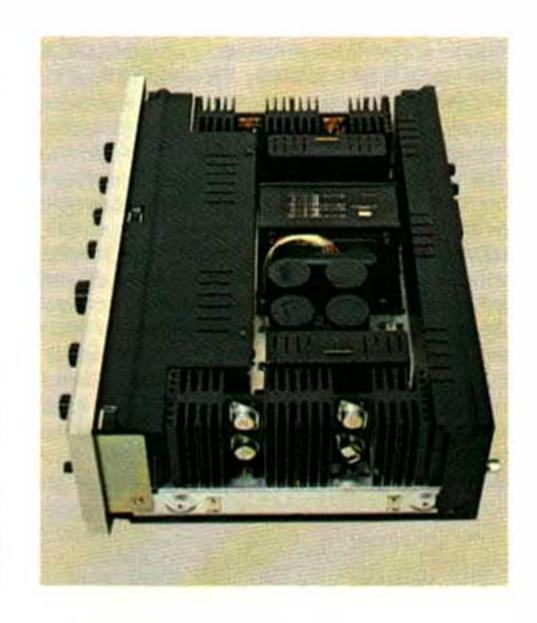


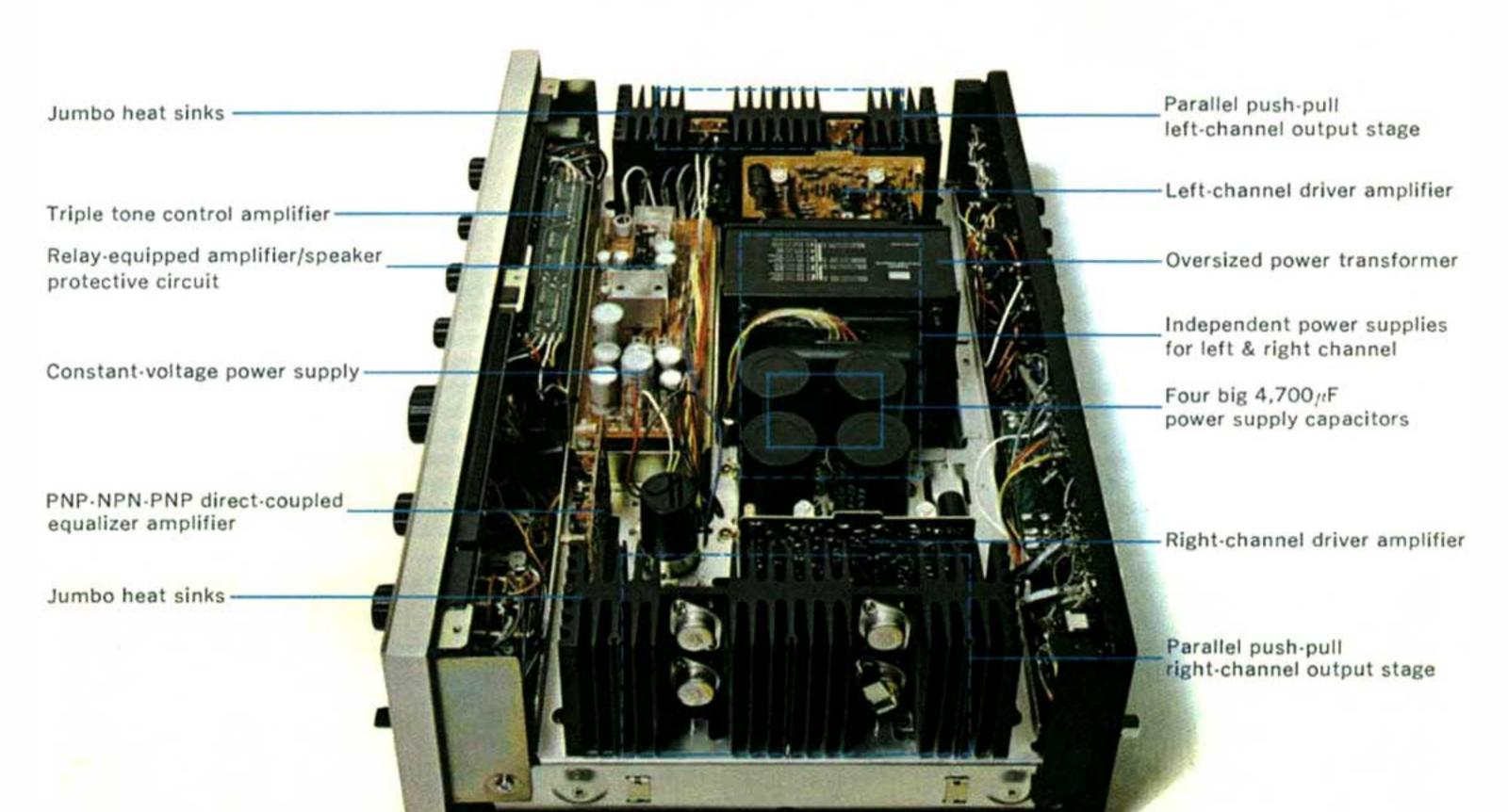
with matched performance characteristics. the amplifier is able to accomplish its job with only minimal distortion. Because the power transistors thus maintain excellent current amplification linearity for varying levels of input signals, the AU-9500's new twin-dual power supply system with quiescent current adjustor using a specialized transistor and exceptionally well-regulated power transformer drives even low impedance loads (such as 4 ohm speakers) with sufficient stability in the very wide frequency range. Its damping factor curve is thus hardly a curve at all, but rather stretches flat across the entire audio spectrum and beyond its high and low ends.

COMPLETE PROTECTOR CIRCUITRY: Triple protection of the power transistors and
your valuable speakers is guaranteed by
three factors: (1) An electronic protector
circuit combining relays, transistors and

diodes, (2) four quick-acting protective fuses, and (3) a current limiter circuit that prevents excessive current from entering the driver and power transistors in the event of a short-circuit or other irregular conditions. The electronic protector circuit alone serves as a power supply muting circuit, providing several seconds of delay between the turning on of the power switch and the actual operation of the speakers. It thus also eliminates unpleasant "pop" noise and further contributes to overall speaker protection.

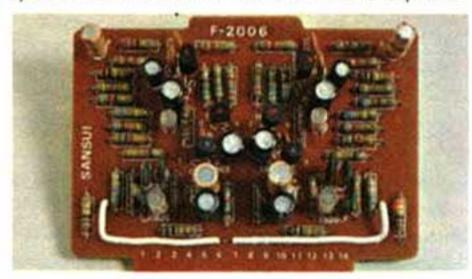






SUPREME VERSATILITY, EXTRA CONVENIENCE FOR ENHANCED STEREO ENJOYMENT

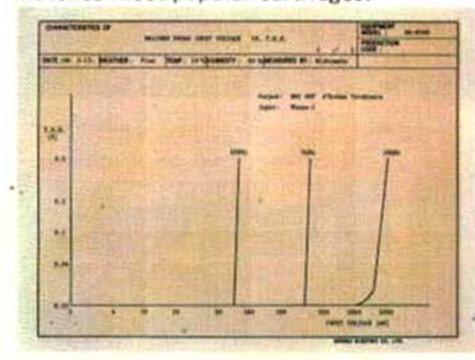
WIDE DYNAMIC-RANGE EQUALIZER WITH OUTSTANDING TRANSIENT RE-SPONSE: The overload margin of a phono equalizer circuit is just as important as its signal-to-noise ratio and distortion factor. You may even consider it a more critical factor since once a signal clips at its highest peaks it will never be recovered. The equalizer circuit of the AU-9500 is the directcoupled three-stage design where three carefully selected low noise transistors are arranged in an anisotropic PNP-NPN-PNP combination for minimal noise and maximum dynamic range. The bottom of the dynamic range is kept low by the use of a constant-voltage power supply, a ripple filter with large 1,000 uF capacitor and special low-noise transistors in the equaliz-



er. The upper limit of the dynamic range is extremely high, owing to the large 48VDC voltage used to energize the equalizer, enabling it to accept up to 300mV RMS in phono input (1kHz, THD 0.5%). With the phono input sensitivity rated at 2.5mV, this means a dynamic margin of 120 times, or approximately 42dB, a very extravagant figure for any musical program source. The equalizer as well as the power amplifier are especially designed with attention to their phase margin, generally considered an important index of an amplifier's stability. As a result, the AU-9500 provides a generous phase margin not only over the entire audio spectrum but also beyond its upper and lower limits-in the deep low range and the super high range-under varying load conditions. This in turn permits

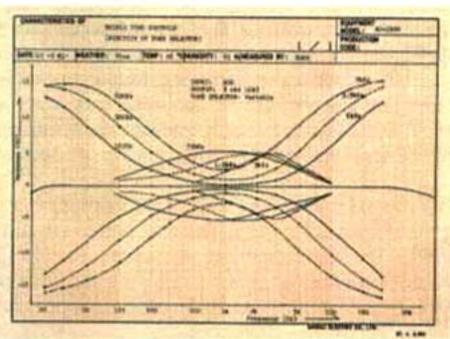
the amplifier to show excellent transient response to musical signals and assures a transparent, supreme tonal quality. Then, the RIAA equalization is performed by carefully selected transistors, capacitors and resistors with minimal performance variances that keep the equalizer deviation from the RIAA curve within ±0.5dB between 30—15,000Hz.

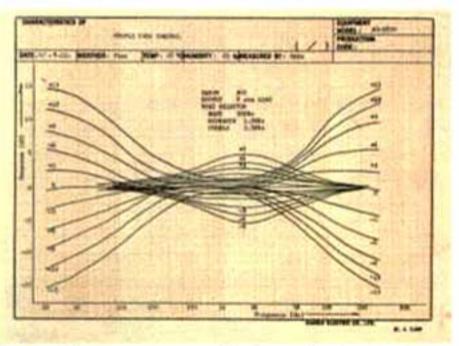
TWO CONVENIENT PHONO INPUT CIRCUITS: Like all quality amplifiers, the AU-9500 has two phono input circuits. But it also has much more. The input impedance of the second input circuit is switchable between $30k\Omega$, $50k\Omega$ and $100k\Omega$ to match the load resistances of different types of cartridges so that you may use them as they are intended, or to obtain the tonal quality of your preference. The first input circuit has an impedance of $50k\Omega$, and this matches most popular cartridges.



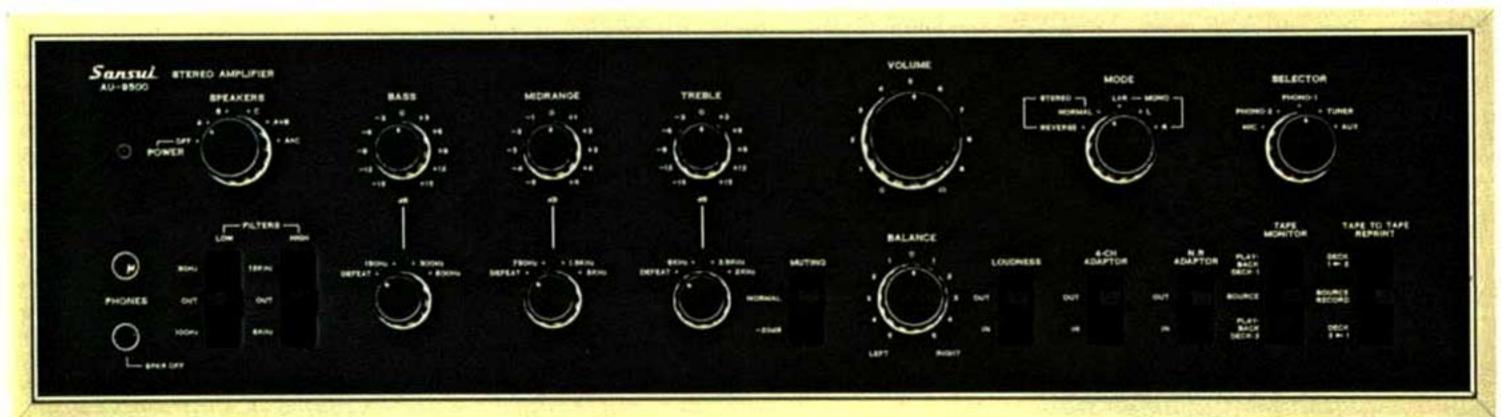
ROTARY SWITCH TYPE TRIPLE TONE CONTROLS FOR PRECISE TONAL ADJUSTMENTS: The AU-9500 uses triple tone controls to provide for extremely close control of the tonal quality over the entire audio spectrum. The BASS and TREBLE tone controls allow adjustments of ±15dB in steps of 3dB each, while the MIDRANGE control permits adjustment up to ±5dB in steps of 1dB each. In addition, each of these controls is provided with a "Tone Selector"





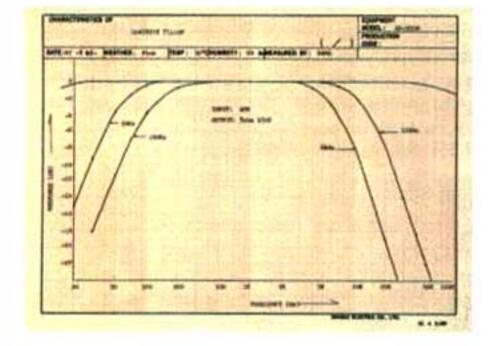


that offers you a choice of three turnover/roll-off frequencies plus a DEFEAT
position to cancel any individual tone control circuit. What this adds up to is tonal
perfection: you may tailor the tonal quality
of reproduced sound to the type of program
source, the electro-acoustic properties of
your speakers, the acoustics of your room
and your own musical tastes. The entire
tone control amplifier is a negative feedback
circuit combining three direct-coupled



stages and two direct-coupled stages for reduced distortion and wide response. The first of the five stages is an expensive FET to attain a higher signal-to-noise ratio as well as accurate and smooth control characteristics regardless of master volume control setting.

SHARP CUTTING LOW/HIGH FILTERS: The low and high filters of the AU-9500 are both exclusive negative feedback active filter circuits with 12dB/oct. cut-off capabilities. They eliminate undesirable motor rumble and surface noise from worn records, if any, without affecting the major part of audible frequencies. Each filter switch allows you the choice of two cut-off frequencies for more precise control of the tonal quality of reproduced sound.



CONNECTS THREE TAPE DECKS, OFFERS TAPE-TO-TAPE REPRINT FACILITIES:

AU-9500 is provided with two tape record/ play circuits so that you can connect up to two tape decks to record or reproduce with simple flicks of front-panel switches. There is also a TAPE-TO-TAPE REPRINT switch on the front panel to let you copy a recorded tape from one deck to the other. Equally significant, while you copy from tape-totape, you can also enjoy other normal amplifier functions such as receiving a radio broadcast, playing a record, etc. If you possess a third tape deck, you may also connect it to the rear-panel 4-CHANNEL ADAP-TOR inputs. And there's even more: if you own a fourth deck, you may copy a recorded tape from that tape deck connected to AUX inputs to the other three decks. Both tape playback circuits and the AUX input circuits are provided with their own level controls. This means you can match the signal levels among different program source components to save the trouble of having to adjust the sound volume each time you switch to a different program source.

4-CHANNEL ADAPTOR INPUTS AND SWITCH: Should you ever decide to upgrade your AU-9500 to 4-channel status, the unit is ready. Exclusive input terminals are provided on the rear panel to connect an external 4-channel adaptor or 4-channel decoder rear amplifier. A front panel switch turns the instrument adopted or out. If nothing is connected to the terminals, you may connect a third tape deck in this position for recording and playback operations as well as for copying of a recorded tape.

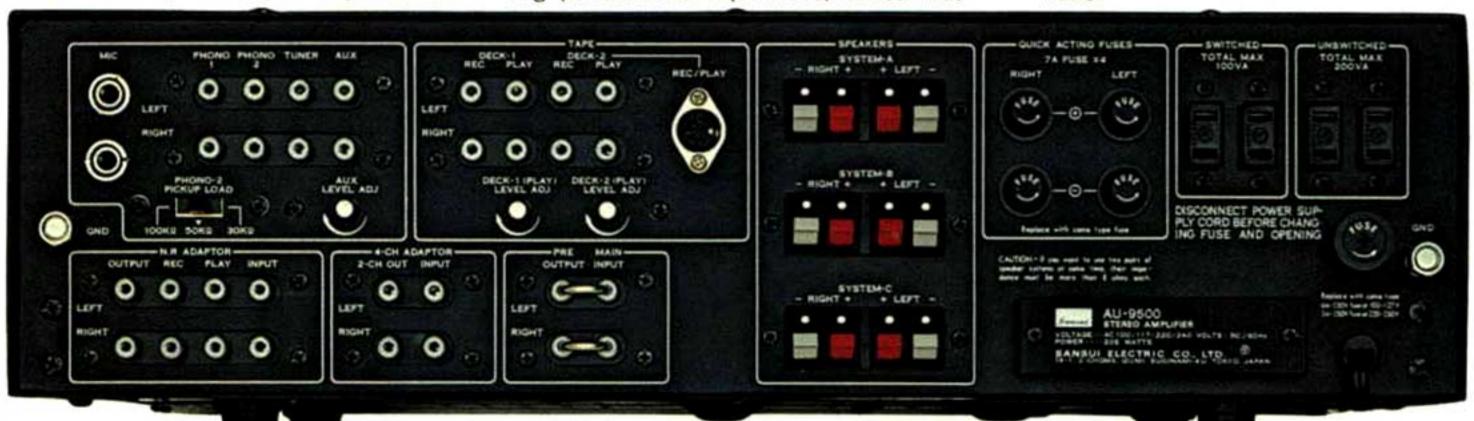
FOR HISS-FREE RECORDING/PLAYBACK: If your enthusiasm for stereo has taken you to the stage of very advanced equipment, you'll probably want to take advantage of the latest innovation in tape recording and playback — a noise reduction adaptor like the latest Dolby type. The AU-9500, being a very advanced amplifier, offers exclusive inputs and a front-panel switch for such an adaptor so that you may enjoy hiss-free quality recording and playback. By connecting tape decks direct to the amplifier you may select either deck to record or play back through the noise reduction unit.

SEPARATELY USABLE PREAMPLIFIER AND POWER AMPLIFIER: Because both the preamplifier and power amplifier sections of the AU-9500 have such outstanding performance capabilities, Sansui has

made them separately usable. This means, if you choose to build a more elaborate multi-amplifier sound reproduction system in the future, that the AU-9500 will adapt for this system. The preamplifier outputs include a transient canceler circuit to absorb pop noise.

COMPLETE SYSTEM OF ACCESSORY CIR-CUITS: The AU-9500 is the complete stereo receiver. Among its multiple accessory circuits are the following:

- (1) Two microphone jacks which accept standard phone type microphone plugs;
- (2) A five-position mode selector (STEREO NORMAL, STEREO REVERSE, MONO L+R, MONO L, MONO R);
- (3) Convenient audio muting switch that reduces the volume to one tenth instantly when a telephone rings or door bell chimes and saves you the trouble of fumbling with the volume control to obtain the same volume;
- (4) A loudness switch that properly accents the lows and highs when you are listening at low volume levels and compensates for the deficiency of the human hearing mechanism;
- (5) A DIN connector that simplifies the connection of a tape deck;
- (6) Foolproof one-touch output terminals for connecting up to three pairs of speaker systems. Plus a front-panel rotary control to let you select any pair or a combination of two pairs.
- (7) Two headphone jacks, the lower one automatically cuts off the sound from your speakers when a headphone set is inserted for private listening. The upper one lets you listen privately in one room while another person is listening to speakers in another listening room;
- (8) Four AC outlets to power your entire stereo system. Two are controlled by the amplifier's power switch;
- (9) Two jumbo ground terminals for easy grounding and improved signal-to-noise ratio.





containing coils and capacitors, along with a transistor, for increased stability. Additionally, the automatic stereo/mono switch-over circuit and the FM muting circuit are provided with a special circuit to prevent their being inadvertently activated by confusing external noises.

ING METERS: Wide, easy-to-read tuning scales illuminate against the black dial, with bright self-lighting dial pointer clearly indicating the tuned frequency. The FM scale is a linear scale evenly graduated in steps of 250kHz for pinpoint, easy tuning. The dial mechanism is exceptionally smooth thanks to a large flywheel. In addition, there are two tuning meters—one indicating the input signal strength and the other showing the center-of-channel tuning point where distortion is minimal.

HIGHLY SELECTIVE AM IF AMPLIFIER:

The important AM IF amplifier benefits from a new kind of functional block combining a coil and a bi-resonator ceramic filter featuring enhanced selectivity. The AM tuner also incorporates an advanced AGC circuit to ensure near distortion-free reception even in strong-signal areas.

FM MULITI-PATH OUTPUT TERMINALS:

If obstacles such as buildings, mountains, etc., are near yoursets, FM waves are reflected by them. When these reflections intermingle with the original direct wave, an undesirable phenomenon called multi-path reception occurs and degrades stereo separation, signal-to-noise ratio, while also creating distortion. The TU-9500 offers MULTI-PATH OUTPUT terminals, to which an oscilloscope can be connected to observe the received waveform and help to determine the best position and direction of your FM antenna.

AM/FM NOISE SUPPRESSOR SWITCH:

This switch activates two noise suppressor circuits. When receiving an AM station, it activates a whistle filter circuit to shut out beat noise above 7kHz. During FM stereo reception, however, it actuates an MPX

noise canceler circuit to cancel out extraneous noise without affecting high-frequency response.

CONSTANT-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY:

The power supply circuit of the TU-9500 adopts a constant-voltage design using transistors and a Zener diode to eliminate ripples and voltage fluctuations for an improved signal-to-noise ratio and stable reception.



FOUR-CHANNEL READY: When 4-channel discrete broadcasts begin in the future, you'll be ready to receive them with the TU-9500. You'll only need to add a 4-channel demodulator (which is required by any tuner) to the DISCRIMINATOR OUTPUT terminal located on the rear panel.

FM MUTING SWITCH WITH LEVEL CON-

TROL: A front-panel switch cuts out the unpleasant tuning noise often audible between FM stations, and permits quiet FM tuning. You may adjust the muting level with a control on the rear panel to suit the signal strength in your area—and this means you won't mute weak stations if some of them happen to be your favorites.

CLEAN RECEPTION: Even though urban broadcast signals are usually strong and can be received by a simple indoor feeder antenna, this often leads to increased distortion and reduced separation because of the multi-path effect caused by nearby tall buildings. This irritation is eliminated by the MOS FET-equipped FM frontend with frequency-linear 5-gang tuning capacitor that gives the TU-9500 a big 130dB input capacity. It thus takes in strong signals with ease and offers clean, distortion-free FM reception even when an outdoor FM antenna is used in urban areas.

CONVENIENT DIRECT RECORDING OUT-

PUTS: If you choose to bypass your amplifier and record direct from your tuner, there is a direct recording output available with the TU-9500. You connect your tape deck to this output to create tuner-quality FM broacast recordings.

FULL SET OF ACCESSORY CIRCUITS:

The TU-9500 is complete in every way with its accessory circuits, including: (1) One-touch foolproof AM and FM antenna connection terminals, plus a professional type 75Ω coaxial cable antenna terminal; (2) FM/FM STEREO/AM mode indicators; (3) Two large ground terminals for easy grounding; (4) An AC outlet to power another component in your stereo system.



AU-9500

POWER OUTPUT (AT RATED DISTORTION)

CONTINUOUS POWER (both channels driven 20-20,000Hz) 75+75W (8Ω)

CONTINUOUS POWER (both channels driven) 115+115W (4Ω) at 1,000Hz

80+80W (8Ω) at 1,000Hz

CONTINUOUS POWER (each channel driven) 120/120W (4Ω) at 1,000Hz 85/85W (80) at 1,000Hz

260W (411) at 1,000Hz IHF MUSIC POWER 220W (8Ω) at 1,000Hz

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION (AT RATED POWER OUTPUT)

OVERALL (from AUX) less than 0.1% PREAMPLIFIER ONLY less than 0.05% POWER AMPLIFIER ONLY

less than 0.1% INTERMODULATION DISTORTION (AT RATED

OUTPUT, 70Hz:7,000Hz=4:1 SMPTE METHOD)

OVERALL (from AUX) less than 0.1% PREAMPLIFIER ONLY less than 0.05% POWER AMPLIFIER ONLY

less than 0.1%

IHF POWER BANDWIDTH (EACH CHANNEL DRIVEN AT RATED DISTORTION)

5-40,000Hz

FREQUENCY RESPONSE

(POWER OUTPUT AT 1 WATT)

PHONO-1 and -2 RIAA curve deviation ±0.5dB

(30 to 15,000Hz)

OVERALL (from AUX) 15-40,000Hz +0dB, -1dB

(Tone Selectors at DEFEAT)

POWER AMPLIFIER ONLY

3-80,000Hz +0dB, -1dB 15-50,000Hz +0dB, -0.5dB

LOAD IMPEDANCE 4 - 160

DAMPING FACTOR Approximately 50 into 8Ω

dummy load INPUT SENSITIVITY AND IMPEDANCE (AT 1,000Hz)

PHONO-1 2.5mV (50kΩ)

2.5mV (30kΩ, 50kΩ, 100kΩ) PHONO-2 (maximum input capability

> 300mV RMS T.H.D. less than 0.5%)

MIC 2.5mV (50k())

TUNER 100mV (50kΩ)

100mV (50kl), adjustable AUX

TAPE MONITOR-1 (pin)

100mV (50kΩ), adjustable

TAPE MONITOR-2 (pin)

100mV (50kΩ), adjustable

TAPE MONITOR-2 (DIN)

100mV (50k1) 4-CH ADAPTOR 100mV (50kΩ) N.R. ADAPTOR 100mV (50kΩ) POWER AMPLIFIER 800mV (50kΩ)

OUTPUT LEVEL AND IMPEDANCE (AT 1,000Hz)

TAPE REC-1 (pin) 100mV (1.5kΩ) TAPE REC-2 (pin) 100mV (1.5kΩ) TAPE REC-2 (DIN) 30mV (70kΩ) 4-CH ADAPTOR 100mV (1.5k(2) N.R. ADAPTOR 100mV (1.5kΩ) PREAMPLIFIER 0.8V (1.5k())

(maximum output level)

4.5V (T.H.D. less than 0.5%)

CROSSTALK (RATED OUTPUT AT 1,000Hz)

PHONO-1 and -2 better than 50dB MIC better than 50dB TUNER better than 50dB AUX better than 50dB POWER AMPLIFIER better than 60dB





IHF HUM AND NOISE

PHONO-1 and -2 better than 75dB MIC better than 65dB TUNER better than 85dB AUX better than 85dB better than 100dB

POWER AMPLIFIER CONTROLS

BASS

MIDRANGE

TREBLE

TONE SELECTORS

BASS

MIDRANGE

TREBLE

LOUDNESS

LOW FILTER

HIGH FILTER

SWITCHES SELECTOR

MODE

TAPE MONITOR

DECK-2 TAPE-TO-TAPE REPRINT

DECK-1 to -2, SOURCE RECORD, DECK-2 to -1

MONO R

+15dB, -15dB at 20Hz

+5dB, -5dB at 1,500Hz

DEFEAT, 150Hz, 300Hz,

+15dB, -15dB at

DEFEAT, 750Hz.

1,500Hz, 3,000Hz

DEFEAT, 6,000Hz

3,500Hz, 2,000Hz

+8dB at 10,000Hz

-3dB at 12,000Hz

-3dB at 6,000Hz

STEREO REVERSE.

STEREO NORMAL.

MONO L+R, MONO L.

PLAYBACK DECK-1.

SOURCE, PLAYBACK

(12dB/oct)

(12dB/oct)

TUNER, AUX

(volume control -30dB)

-3dB at 50Hz (12dB/oct)

MIC, PHONO-1, PHONO-2

-3dB at 100Hz (12dB/oct)

+10dB at 50Hz

20,000Hz

600Hz

(3dB step)

(1dB step)

(3dB step)

MUTING NORMAL, -20dB LOUDNESS OUT, IN LOW FILTER OUT, IN OUT, IN

HIGH FILTER 4-CH ADAPTOR OUT, IN N.R. ADAPTOR OUT, IN

SPEAKER SELECTOR POWER OFF, A. B. C. A+B, A+C

SEMICONDUCTORS 58 transistors, 2 FET's, 32 diodes (including 2

> bridge-type diodes); Zener Diodes 5

POWER REQUIREMENTS 100, 110, 117, 127, 220, 230, 240, 250V

50/60Hz

AC OUTLETS Switched type 2. total 100VA

Unswitched type 2. total 200VA

POWER CONSUMPTION

MAXIMUM CONSUMPTION 550VA

RATED CONSUMPTION

205W DIMENSIONS

140mm (5%")Hx 500mm (19%*)Wx 347mm (13%*)D 23.3kg (51.3lbs)

WEIGHT

TU-9500

FM SECTION

TUNING RANGE SENSITIVITY (IHF)

88-108MHz

1.7 µV **OUIETING SLOPE**

40dB@1.7, V; 50dB@3, V 60dB@10,,V; 70dB@50,,V

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION MONO less than 0.2%

STEREO less than 0.3% SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO

better than 75dB SELECTIVITY better than 80dB CAPTURE RATIO (IHF) 1.5dB

IMAGE FREQUENCY REJECTION better than 100dB

IF REJECTION better than 100dB SPURIOUS RESPONSE REJECTION

better than 100dB STEREO SEPARATION better than 40dB at 400Hz better than 30dB

at 10,000Hz SPURIOUS RADIATION

less than 34dB

ANTENNA INPUT IMPEDANCE

3000 balanced. 750 unbalanced

FREQUENCY RESPONSE

30-15,000Hz +0.5dB, -2.0dB

AM SECTION

TUNING RANGE 535-1605kHz SENSITIVITY (Bar Antenna)

46dB/m SELECTIVITY better than 25dB

IMAGE FREQUENCY REJECTION

better than 100dB/m

at 1,000KHz better than 100dB/m

IF REJECTION at 1,000KHz

OUTPUT LEVEL

OUTPUT 0-1.0V Variable REC OUTPUT 0.4V Fixed CONTROL AND SWITCHES

SELECTOR

FM AUTO, FM MONO, AM **FM MUTING** ON, OFF NOISE SUPPRESSOR OUT, IN MULTIPATH TERMINAL

SEMICONDUCTORS

Diodes 28: ICs 3 POWER REQUIREMENTS

> 100, 117, 220, 240V 50/60Hz

CONSUMPTION DIMENSIONS

VOLTAGE

Max. 25VA Rated 20W 500mm (19%*)Wx 347mm (13%*)Dx

140mm (5%")H

9.5kg (20.8 lbs)

Transistors 44; FETs 5;

WEIGHT

Design and specifications subject to change without notice for improvements.

